# DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

# **POWER OPTION**

MODULE II

# MODULE II - ELECTRICAL POWER GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION

#### Introduction

This module is designed to enable the trainee acquire necessary knowledge, skills, attitudes and Competence that can be utilized in Electrical, Electronics and Instrumentation works, and in a general production line

The graduate of this module has the necessary skills for the world of work as a technician or be self employed in an Electrical, Electronics and Instrumentation workshop.

#### **General Objectives**

At the end of this module the trainee should be able to:

- Understand the general concepts of electronic and instrumentation systems
- b) Understand industrial measurements and control techniques
- c) Appreciate maintenance of electronics and instrumentation systems
- d) Know the use of ICT in understanding electronics and instrumentation technology
- e) Appreciate the concepts of establishing a related business
- f) Observe safety regulations and standards when performing tasks

### Key Competence

At the end of this module, the trainee should be able to demonstrate ability to;

- a) design and assemble electronics circuits
- b) measure and control various physical quantities in process production plant
- c) establish a business in the trade area

The units covered in this module are:

#### Code

- 17.2.0 Control Systems
- 18.2.0 Analogue Electronics II
- 19.2.0 Engineering Mathematics II
- 20.2.0 Digital Electronics
- 21.2.0 Engineering Drawing and Design
- 22.2.0 Industrial Programmable Logic controllers
- 23.2.0 Business Plan
- 24.2.0 Electric Circuit Analyses
- 25.2.0 Building Electrical Protection and Services
- 26.2.0 Electrical Power Generation and Transmission

#### 17.2.0 CONTROL SYSTEMS

#### 17.2.01 Introduction

This course module is aimed at providing the trainee with theoretical and practical understanding of control systems in the industries. A trainee undertaking this module unit require foundations of Mathematical concepts in Laplace transforms.

# 17.2.02 General Objectives

At the end of the module, the trainee should be able to:

- a) Understand the principles of engineering control systems
- b) Appreciate system response and performance
- c) Analyze system's stability for a given control task.
- d) Understand the need for compensation and use conventional techniques to compensate practical systems.
- e) Apply analogue system simulation to solve systems' mathematical equations.
- f) Understand the principles and applications of servo systems.

# 17.2.03 Module Unit Summary and Time Allocation

**Engineering Control Systems** 

Code	Sub Module Unit	Content	Time Hrs
17.2.1	Introduction (	System terminology     Open and Closed loop	2
17.2.2	Block Diagrams	Canonical form simplification	6
17.2.3	Signal Flow Graphs	<ul> <li>Conversion of block diagram to signal flow diagram</li> <li>Simplification of system loop</li> </ul>	6
17.2.4	System Modelling	<ul> <li>Need for modelling</li> <li>Transfer functions for simple networks</li> <li>Practical systems</li> </ul>	6
17.2.5	System Performance	Test signals     Dynamic responses     Damping	6
17.2.6	Stability	<ul> <li>Types of Stability</li> <li>Routh's stability Criterion</li> <li>Nyquist stability Criterion</li> <li>Bode Plots</li> </ul>	16

17.2.9	computing and system simulation  Servo Systems	<ul> <li>Principles of an Operational Amplifier (Op-amp)</li> <li>Op-amp arithmetic circuit</li> <li>Solution of equations</li> <li>Scaling</li> <li>Servo mechanism</li> <li>AC and dc servo amplifiers</li> <li>Phase sensitive rectifiers</li> <li>Thyristor controlled dc servo</li> </ul>	8
		<ul> <li>systems</li> <li>Operation of stepper motors</li> <li>Characteristics curves for servo motors</li> </ul>	

# 17.2.1 INTRODUCTION TO CONTROL

#### Theory

#### 17.2.1T0 Specific Objectives

By the end of the sub-module unit, the trainee should be able to:

- a) explain control terms
- b) compare and contrast open and closed loop systems

#### Content

# 17.2.1T1 Control system terms

- i) Control
- ii) System
- iii) Control system
- iv) Man-made system
- v) Natural system
- vi) Hybrid system
- vii) Controlled variable
- viii) Reference variable
- ix) Plant

## 17.2.1T2 Open and closed loop system

- i) Feedback
- ii) Features of open loop
- iii) Features of closed loop
- iv) Advantages and disadvantages

#### Competence

The trainee should have the ability to: identify and select types of control systems for electrical systems

### Suggested teaching/Learning Activities

- Illustration
- Note taking
- Visits to industries

# Suggested teaching/Learning Resources

- Sample practical control units

## Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Oral tests
- Timed written tests
- Assignments

#### 17.2.2 BLOCK DIAGRAMS

#### Theory

#### 17.2.2T0 Specific Objectives

By the end of the sub module unit the trainee should be able to simplify control system block diagram

#### Content

- 17.2.2T1 Simplification of block diagrams
  - Canonical form
  - ii) Transfer functions
  - iii) Superposition
  - iv) Error ratio
  - v) Primary feedback ratio

#### Competence

The trainee should have the ability to: establish the transfer functions for various basic and mechanical systems

### Suggested teaching/Learning Activities

- Illustration
- Note taking

# Suggested teaching/Learning Resources

- Sample practical control units
- Simulators

### Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Oral tests
- Timed written tests
- Assignments

### 17.2.3 SIGNAL FLOW GRAPHS

#### Theory

- 17.2.3T0 Specific Objectives By the end of the sub module unit the trainee should be able to:
  - a) convert block diagrams to flow diagrams
  - b) simplify system loops

#### Content

- 17.2.3T1 Conversion of block diagrams to flow diagrams
  - i) Nodes
  - ii) Sinks
- 17.2.3T2 Simplification of system loops
  - i) Masons rule
  - ii) Complex loop
  - iii) Loop reduction

#### 17.2.4 SYSTEM MODELLING

#### Theory

- 17.2.4T0 Specific Objectives By the end of the sub- module unit, the trainee should be able to:
  - a) explain the need for systems modelling
  - b) derive transfer functions for simple networks and determine their transfer functions.
  - c) represent practical systems with transfer functions.

#### Content

- 17.2.4T1 Need for modelling
- 17.2.4T2 Derivation of transfer functions for simple networks
  - i) Electrical
  - ii) Mechanical
  - iii) (S), jω, D operations
- 17.2.4T3 Presentation of practical systems
  - i) Generators and Motors
  - ii) Temperature control systems
  - iii) Solving problem with given data

#### Competence

The trainee should have the ability to: convert block diagrams to signal flow diagrams

### Suggested teaching/Learning Activities

- Illustration
- Note taking

### Suggested teaching/Learning Resources

Sample practical control units

# Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Oral tests
- Timed written tests
- Assignments

# 17.2.5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

#### Theory

- 17.2.5T0 Specific Objectives By the end of the submodule unit, the trainee should be able to
  - a) describe test signals

- b) explain the dynamic response of 1st and 2nd order systems
- analyze the effects of various methods of damping

#### Content

- 17.2.5T1 Test signals
  - i) Step
  - ii) Velocity
  - iii) Acceleration
  - iv) Sinusoidal
  - v) Unity impulse
- 17.2.5T2 Dynamic response for 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> order systems
  - i) Response terms
  - ii) Standard 2nd order equation
  - iii) Response graphs
  - iv) Derive dimensional 2nd order equation Damping methods
- 17.2.5T3 Damping methods
  i) Velocity feedback
  - ii) Error rate
  - iii) Viscous damping
  - iv) Effects of damping
  - v) Calculations of limiting values

# Suggested teaching/Learning Activities

- Illustration
- Note taking

#### Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Oral tests
- Timed written tests
- Assignments

### 17.2.6 STABILITY

#### Theory

- 17.2.6T0 specific objectives

  By the end of the sub 
  module unit, the trainee
  should be able to:
  - a) explain types of stability
  - describe Routh's stability criterion
  - c) explain Nyquist diagrams
  - d) plot bode plot
  - e) construct Nichol's charts
  - f) sketch Root Locus diagrams

#### Content

17.2.6T1 Types of Stability

17.2.6T3

- Bounded input bounded output
- ii) Relative stability
- iii) Absolute stability
- 17.2.6T2 Routh's stability criterion
  - i) Array formation
  - ii) Determination of stability
  - iii) Calculations
    Nyquist diagrams
  - i) Statement of Nyquist stability criterion
  - ii) Nyquist diagram
  - iii) Determination of gain and phase margins
  - iv) Determination of gain and phase cross over frequency
  - v) Calculation of a value K, required for stability
  - vi) Description of type O, I, II and III of Nyquist systems
  - vii) Sketches for open loop frequency

response for different systems

- viii) Analyses of Inverse Nyquist curve
- ix) Derivation of m and n circles
- x) Determination of maximum value of M and and the frequency at which it occurs
- xi) Determination of the relationship between M-circle and inverse Nyquist plot
- xii) Evaluation of band width.

#### 17.2.6T4

- Bode plot
- Logarithmic diagrams for simple systems asymptotes for magnitude
- ii) Determination of:
- iii) Phase and gain cross over frequency
- iv) Phase and gain margins
- v) Stability
- vi) Output input functions from a given asymptotic plots

# 17.2.6T5 Nichol's chart

- i) Description of Nichol's chart
- ii) Rectangular coordinates
- iii) Identification of M and N circles
- iv) Open loop frequency response curves
- v) Determination of:
- vi) Phase and gain margin
- vii) M<sub>max</sub> and ω<sub>r</sub>

viii) Band width

ix) Closed loop
frequency response

#### 17.2.6T6 Root locus

- i) Construction
- ii) Analysis

# Suggested teaching/Learning Activities

- Illustration
- Note taking

# Suggested teaching and Learning Resources

- Text books
- Appropriate charts and graphs
- Equipment
- Mat lab programmes
- internet

## Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Oral tests
- Timed written tests
- Assignments

### 17.2.7 COMPENSATION

#### Theory

# 17.2.7T0 Specific objectives

By the end of the sub module unit, the trainee should be able to:

- a) explain the need for compensating networks
- b) derive transfer function of compensating networks
- c) design compensating network

#### Content

- 17.2.7T1 Need for system compensation
- 17.2.7T2 Compensating networks transfer functions

#### 17.2.7T3 Compensation network

- i) Lead
- ii) Lag
- iii) Lead lag
- iv) Design bode
- Lead
- Lag
- Lead-lag
- Compensation using
   3- term controller

#### 17.2.7C Competence

The trainee should have the ability to: design compensating net works for control systems

# Suggested teaching /learning resources

- Text books
- Equipment
- Appropriate charts and graphs
- Sample practical control units

#### Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Oral tests
- Timed written tests
- Assignments

# 17.2.8 ANALOGUE COMPUTING SYSTEM SIMULATION

#### Theory

#### 17.2.8T0 Specific objectives

By the end of the sub module unit, the trainee should be able to:

- a) describe need for simulation
- b) describe the principles of an operational amplifier
- c) explain op-amp arithmetic circuit

- d) solve equations using operational amplifiers
- e) apply scaling methods

#### Content

- 17.2.8T1 Need for Simulation
- 17.2.8T2 Operation of Operational amplifier
- 17.2.8T3 Operational amplifier arithmetic circuit
- 17.2.8T4 Solution of equations using operational amplifier
  - i) Summer
  - ii) Inverter
  - iii) Integrator
  - iv) Differentiator
  - v) Logarithmic amplifier
  - vi) Comparator
  - vii) Differential equations using Op Amp
- 17.2.8T5 Scaling method
  - i) Amplitude
  - ii) Time

#### Practice

17.2.8P0 Specific objectives

By the end of the sub module unit, the trainee should be able to assemble electronic circuit to carry out analogue computing techniques

#### Content

17.2.8P1 Analogue computing techniques

- i) Inverting
- ii) Integrating
- iii) Comparing
- iv) Summing
- v) Differentiating
- vi) Logarithmic

# 17.2.8C Competence

The trainee should have the ability to:

- Interconnect analogue computer component to form a system
- ii) Perform measurements on systems

# Suggested teaching/Learning Activities

- Illustration
- Note taking
- Simulation

# Suggested Teaching /Learning resources

- Text books
- Analogue computer components

### Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Oral tests
- Timed written tests
- Assignments

#### 17.2.9 SERVO SYSTEMS

#### Theory

17.2.9T0 Specific objectives

By the end of the sub 
module unit, the trainee
should be able to:

- a) describe servo mechanisms
- b) describe the difference between ac and dc servo amplifiers
- c) explain phase sensitive rectifiers
- d) explain the operation of thyristor controlled de servo systems

- e) explain the operation and control of stepper motors
- sketch characteristics curves of ac and dc servomotors
- g) solve stepper motor related problems

#### Content

- 17.2.9T1 Servo mechanisms
  - i) Position
  - ii) Speed
  - iii) Acceleration
- 17.2.9T2 Servo amplifiers
  - i) DC
  - ii) AC
- 17.2.9T3 Phase sensitive rectifier
  - iii) Synchros
  - iv) Applications
- 17.2.9T4 Operation of Stepper motors
  - i) Constructions
  - ii) Operations
  - iii) Control circuits
  - iv) Calculations
  - v) Interfacing
  - vi) Applications
- 17.2.9T5 Characteristics curves of ac and dc servomotors Sketching
- 17.2.9T6 Calculations

#### Practice

- 17.2.9P0 Specific Objectives
  By the end of the submodule unit the trainee should be able to:
  - a) carry out measurement of an ac and dc servomechanism
  - b) take measurements on the performance of a stepper motor

#### Content

- 17.2.9P1 Measurements on a Servomechanisms
- 17.2.9P2 Measurements Stepper motors
  - i) Phase tests

## 17.2.9C Competence

The trainee should have the ability to: use a servo motor in a control system

# Suggested teaching/Learning Activities

- Illustration
- Note taking
- Practical exercises

# Suggested Teaching /Learning resources

- Text books
- Servo motors
- Phase sensitive rectifiers

# Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Oral tests
- Timed written tests
- Assignments