1410/202 LAW, HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT Oct./Nov. 2018 Time: 3 hours



NATIONAL CERTIFICATE IN SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

LAW, HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper consists of TWO sections; A and B.

Answer ALL the questions in BOTH sections in the answer booklet provided.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as indicated.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

This paper consists of 3 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

© 2018 The Kenya National Examinations Council

Turn over

SECTION A (40 marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

1.	Identify five implications of the Devonshire White Paper of 1923.	(5 marks)
2.	State four features of an 'artificial person' in accordance to the law of persons.	(4 marks)
3.	Explain two advantages of judicial precedents in law.	(4 marks)
4.	Identify four functions of the County Executive Committee (CEC).	(4 marks)
5.	Highlight five roles of the Speaker of the National Assembly.	(5 marks)
6.	Explain the meaning of each of the following terms as applied in the law of contract:	
	(a) offer;	(2 marks)
	(b) acceptance.	(2 marks)
7.	Differentiate between a tort and a crime.	(4 marks)
8,	Highlight four decisions that were reached at during the first Lancaster House Conference in 1960. (4 mark	
9.	State four demands of the Young Kikuyu Association (YKA) during the struggle for independence in Kenya.	(4 marks)
10.	Explain the meaning of the term 'malice' as applied in the law of torts.	(2 marks)

SECTION B (60 marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

11.	(a)	Outline five differences between a crime and a civil wrong.	(10 marks)
	(b)	Highlight five ways in which an offer is terminated under the law of contra	
			(5 marks)
12.	(a)	Explain five fundamental human rights contained in the constitutional bill rights in Kenya.	of (10 marks)
	(b)	Identify five challenges facing the judiciary in Kenya.	(5 marks)
13.	(a)	(i) State the symbols of national unity in Kenya.	(3 marks)
		(ii)* Explain seven factors that limit national unity.	(7 marks)
	(b)	Highlight five effects that resulted from the Luo migration into Kenya.	(5 marks)
14.	(a)	Explain the meaning of each of the following general defences in the law of	f tort:
		(i) volenti non-fit injuri;	
		(ii) act of God;	
		(iii) self-defence;	
		(iv) necessity;	
		(v) mistake.	
			(10 marks)
	(b)	Identify five problems faced by early political organizations in Kenya.	(5 marks)

THIS IS THE LAST PRINTED PAGE.